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THE OUTCROP.

Devoted to the Mining and Development of the Windermere and Golden Divisions of the District of North East Kootenay.

The Paystreak is Advts. never pinches out in this Paper

Try one before the space is all staked out.

Vol. II., No. 13. Canterbury, B. C., Thursday, August 29, 1901. $2.00 Per Year.

THE POLICE COURT NEWS

Two Days Doings --How Justice is Dispensed.

Stipendiary Magistrate Scovil held court for two full days last week Friday and Saturday—in which a deal of interest was manifested.

The first case was that of [illegible] Indians, Machelle and [illegible] were arrested at the instance of [illegible] Morgens for having brandished a knife to him. They pleaded guilty and were each fined $20 and $4 costs.

The second case was that of P. C. Colin Cameron, brought by Special Constable E. Roach, stating that he committed an aggravated assault by unlawfully and maliciously inflicting upon John Maher, who was awaiting trial in the Athalmer jail, grievously bodily harm. Officer Cameron informed the Magistrate that he had no jurisdiction and he told him to the Attorney-General. The objection was taken down.

Much was the first witness and his evidence summed up was that he delivered two prisoners, O'Neil and Maher to Cameron at the Athalmer jail. That the prisoners were allowed liquor on the road from Peterboro to Athalmer. That Maher repeatedly asked for water in his cell and used foul language. That Cameron told him to keep quiet and went in the cell and he saw the two locked in each other's arms. that Cameron hit two prisoners a couple of times and also saw him on the floor and then jumped on Cameron with both knees. Witness said to Cameron, "that is not proper." Then Cameron picked up the blankets and spread them on the bunk and threw Maher on it, remarking to would teach him how to behave.

Wm. Bennett, who drove the prisoners over, said he heard Maher call to Cameron to open the door and using disgusting language, and heard the Officer tell him to shut up or he would go in to him. Cameron went in and he heard a scuffle and heard Roach say, "That isn't proper. You can't use a prisoner that way." Cameron then came out of the cell yelling and blowing. That Maher had no marks on him when he was taken to the jail and was neither drunk nor sober. And thought Cameron was under the influence of liquor. Witness had also been drinking but was able to take care of himself.

Maher gave evidence that he thought Cameron had struck him with something stronger than his fists; thought he had been struck with steel knuckles or a door knob, and didn't know anything until next morning. He was pretty dry and asked for a drink several times.

O'Neil was in another cell and told much the same story as to what he heard. He did not smell liquor on Cameron but thought he acted strange. Witness had a drink of liquor coming from Peterboro, but did not ask Cameron to get him a bottle as he had been a policeman for 27 years and knew better.

Dr. Elliott said he had examined Maher Wednesday morning and found no signs of injury except a small scar on his right cheek and a black eye, which he thought was done by a fist. Maher said he had no complaint and had often fared worse and said he felt sore on the body. The scar might have been from a fall, but that the black was from a fist. It would not have take much of a blow to cause the scar or black eye, considering the condition he was in from drinking.

Officer Cameron stated that Tuesday evening Roach arrived with two prisoners for the Athalmer jail. I searched them both and took their property from them. I put Maher in No. 2 cell and Sergeant Major O'Neil in No. 3. When I left the Major's cell I went into Maher's cell to straighten the bed blankets. He wanted to get out the door and I pushed him back. I straightened the blankets. Maher was swearing and cursing all this time. I told him to lie down and he said "You——— I will take a fall out of you." So he grabbed hold of me with his two hands. I said "You will take a fall out of me" and with that I threw him on the floor. He struck his face on the side of the bunk as he fell on the floor. He was trying to get up but I kept him down by holding him with my hands and knees. I struck him three or four blows on the shoulders and ribs. After that I picked him up and put him on the bunk where he laid quietly. In about a quarter of an hour I gave him a drink of water and then I went down town and came down in a half hour's time and the Major called to me. When I went in he wanted me to go down town and get him a bottle of whiskey. I told him no that that was against the rules and regulations of the jail. He said "this is a queer place to be in—where a man is deprived of everything." I asked Maher if he wanted a drink of water before I went to bed and he said, "yes" I gave him a drink of water and went to bed. They were kicking up quite a disturbance till about 2 o'clock talking and yelling. I asked them to be quiet on two occasions but it had no effect on them.

Maher was very drunk when he came to the jail.

His Worship here announced he would reserve judgment until Monday a.m. that court was adjourned until 2 o'clock. After luncheon the Magistrate stated that he was prepared to deal with Cameron's case and after telling Cameron that he had no doubt but he had hit Mahers, that he should not think Roach wanted his position and warning him to be more careful in the future, dismissed the case.

Officer Cameron, however, states that he will not let the case rest here.

The next case was that of Sergeant Major O'Neil, John Maher and John Symons, charged with stealing hams from the Peterboro landing belonging to the Peterboro Trading Co. Messrs. Rutan, Manson and Quinlivan were examined. The evidence of the first two went to show that on or about June 20 a case of hams had been stolen, a portion of which were afterwards found in the bushes near by and the only clue to be found was the imprints of rubbers. Manson saw the locked around town and could find only one man wearing rubbers and that man was Maher.

J. J. Quinlivan sworn, said he knew nothing about the case and had never seen anyone stealing hams. Said he did not remember making any sworn statement on Tuesday and if he did he was drunk and done it for spite. The only part of the statement that was right was that Maher came to his place and asked for a pan of milk without skimming it and he gave it to him. As there could be nothing gained Mr. Bennet wanted to know if witness could not be held for perjury and the magistrate told him to see a solicitor and dismissed the case.

All day Saturday the court was occupied with case of Hodges vs. Hankins, in which Geo. Hankins was charged with stealing a pinto mare. Mr. H. Macdonald appeared for defendant and Mr. G. W. F. Carter for defendant.

T. Howes claimed that last January he had arranged to hire the horse from Hankins for $10 to pack blankets up Horse Thief and after the trail to Kinbasket and had S. Brown as witness to final payment. That S. Wilson claim the horse this spring and took possession of her.

Hankins claim that he had consent of Wilson to use the horse and latter got it from R. A. Kimpton. Said he hired it to Howes for $10 and left him have a pack saddle for another $5, agreeing to turn the $5 when he got the saddle back.

S. Wilson said the horse was his and had not been stolen from him as he got it when he wanted and had lost no use of it. He had not given permission to anyone to sell or rent it, but told Kimpton to use it and did not object to anyone using the horse.

S. Brown swore that he witnessed the sale of the horse.

Mr. Macdonald said that the prisoner elected to be tried by jury, but the magistrate claimed the right to hear the case, and after taking the evidence adjourned to 6 o'clock to consider it.

Court opening the magistrate said he had not changed his opinion and that as Hankins had not been given any right to sell or rent the horse and as the case had been taken out of his hands he could allow no leniency, he would commit the prisoner for trial, allowing bail at $600, which was given.

Sandon recommends Blue Ribbon Tea.

It is reported that when the duke of York goes through Canada T. G. Shaughnessy, of the C. P. R., will receive the honor of Knighthood. Great as this honor is he would receive a greater one by digging up a little more pay per day for the rolling stock of the great railroad over which he holds the flag. New Silver Lode.

Windermere District

Many Mining and Minor Matters Muchly Mixed---Silver Belt Will Ship Ore--Juneau Group.

Hon. F. W. Aylmer arrived in Athalmer on Tuesday.

The season for shooting duck opens on Sunday, Sept. 1st.

THE OUTCROP is on sale at A. R. Yates' Drug Store in Peterboro.

M. Craik and Banks Bros. left yesterday morning on a trip up Horse Thief creek.

Mrs. J. A. Stoddart and her little girl left Windermere yesterday on a trip to Golden. They were accompanied by Walter Stoddart.

Mesdames W. and J. Taynton of Windermere, spent several days of the past week camping at Mr. J. Taynton's brickyard, at Canterbury.

J. J. Quinlivan had the misfortune to cut his wrist very badly, while working on the Horse Thief road. It appears that the flap of his tent fell down and in throwing it back with one hand he in some way struck his knife which was in his other hand. He lost a great deal of blood from the wound.

Jas. Moran of Kaslo, and Prof. Moreau of Paris, France, came in by way of Fort Steele last week, and went up to their properties on Toby creek, adjoining the silver Tip. This is the property that was worked last year by the Flatbot syndicate. They returned and left by the stage for Fort Steele on Tuesday. Just what they intend doing with their property is not known.

Juneau Group.

P. Stratford and partners are down from the Juneau group, situated on main Horse Thief creek.

When seen by the OUTCROP reporter Mr. Stratford stated that three men have been working almost continuously since last June on the group and that a very satisfactory development had been the result. He said "We first started work on the lowest claim, called the O. K., and drifted 11 or 15 feet on the vein and had ore all the way. Leaving there we went up higher and put in open cuts across the vein of five or six feet in different places and found more or less ore in all the workings. We just went to bed rock and stripped the lead and found nice ore in a couple of the cuts. We then went up about 900 feet to the Juneau claim and discovered a good showing where the lead had broken down from a water course—a cliff—and in the open cut

THE OUTCROP.

Published Every Thursday in the heart of a Wonderfully Rich Mineral and Agricultural District.

Subscription, - - $2.00 a Year.

W. P. Evans, - - - - - - Publisher and Proprietor.

CANTERBURY, B.C., THURSDAY, AUG. 29, 1901.

We are in receipt of the British Columbia Year Book and compendium of the same. It is full of useful information regarding the Province, and is worthy of a careful perusal by all who take any interest in the welfare of this Province.

The last two or three years have seen the beginning of the development of Canada's natural resources upon a scale perhaps unprecedented in any country in the world. The gold fields of Yukon, ore silver, lead and copper-gold of British Columbia, the wheat fields of the west, the dairy produce of the east, the pulp and paper manufacture in the spruce areas, coal mining both in the west and east, and iron making at various points, are now being tremendously developed, and open an extraordinary vista of industrial progress. Of these the iron making is practically new. Three enormous plants are under way which will make Canada one of the great producers of iron and steel among the countries of the world. These plants are at Sidney, in Nova Scotia, and at Midland and the Sault, in Ontario. It is claimed that they will make the cheapest iron and steele on earth. They are projected on a scale to produce an enormous quantity of both. The largest plant, so far, although the Sault works are asserted likely to be larger, is the Dominion Iron and Steel Company's plant at Sidney, projected to manufacture 400,000 tons of iron and steele a year. The entire average yearly consumption of iron and steel in Canada was less than 100,000 tons, or a fourth of what the Sidney works will give. Therefore the plant expects to ship the metal to British or foreign markets.—B.C. Mining Exchange.

The towns of this vicinity have been in a turmoil for the past week over the police court held in Peterboro and continuous discussion is heard. The magistrate and police officers have come in for severe scorings on every hand, and to have one or the other removed from office is the object of not a few.

It is not so easy a matter as some may imagine to remove these men. There must be tangible evidence submitted that some wrong act has been committed before the higher authorities will take any steps.

We regret that the circumstances have assumed so acquite importance as to compel publicity, but, if the best interests of the people of this district are to be served, then it is well to deal with the subject now.

Personally the gentlemen concerned are very fine fellows, who in private life are a credit to their country and would never be censured by anyone.

E. J. Scovil has now held the position of stipendiary magistrate for about a year and in our opinion he has endeavored to the best of his ability to fill his position properly and justly, but it is very evident that his endeavors have not met with the approval of all. This is very natural and to be expected.

Policeman Colin Cameron has not yet been here a year, but has been a Provincial officer for more than eleven years. He, too, has his friends and a few enemies, which is also only to be expected.

That there is and has been friction between these two officials goes without saying. That being the case trouble is the natural outcome.

Individuals have pointed to this or that irregularity, but when the facts are simmered down a case cannot be made out. Just here it may be opportune to say that individual critics cut no ice, yet they have persisted until we find that a climax has practically been reached.

Notwithstanding, there is now before the people a conundrum or two which we will endeavor to explain without passing an opinion as we believe it is better to leave the matters alone, hoping that they will come out right yet.

As will be seen in the report elsewhere in this issue the magistrate dismissed Cameron's case and told him he believed him guilty and proceeded to reprimand the officer. Now, what the public would like to know is is the officer supposed to run away when a prisoner takes hold of him?

Then the prisoner used most foul language to the officer. Why was he not fined or reprimanded?

Why was not Special Constable Rauch given some kind advice for allowing the prisoners while in his charge to have liquor?

Why was J. J. Quinlivan allowed to go when he swore his former evidence was untrue?

Can a man swear to information which causes three of his fellowmen to be locked up and then claim it to be falsewitness and done for spite?

Another point that many are asking is how is it that the two Indians were fined so heavily when the calf they branded was in the possession of D. Morigeau before they were arrested and while they pleaded guilty, they claimed to have made a mistake? To this it may be said that Baptiste Morigeau interpreted for the Indians and that his ability as an interperter is unquestionable. It is an easy matter for a mistake to occur in branding, and the heavy fine means that the magistrate believes that in this case it was the intention to steal.

These columns are open for the discussion of any of the above questions, and we have brought forward these points for the simple reason that those who are most concerned may have an opportunity to put their position properly before the public.

While the Windermere Division is enjoying a steady growth and numerous big ore bodies are being developed is the time for every one interested to do their best to advertise it. Give us any information you may have and we will spread it broadcast.

G. W. F. CARTER, B.C.L.,

NOTARY PUBLIC

For the Province of British Columbia.

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The fire-escape will be excellent, the rooms airy and decorated with the latest results of the wall paper artist.

The Bar is now replete with the most modern, as well as ancient, brands of nerve-producers. The Dining Room is always provided with food that is tasty, digestible and satisfying to the inner economy of man. We have good stables and horses for sale or hire.

STRANGER make for the Union Hotel when you reach Peterborough, and do not forget our names. It is

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Commencing at the post planted about 1½ miles west of the "Iron Cap" mineral claim, thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains to the place of commencement, containing 640 acres.

PAULDING FARNHAM.

Dated at Windermere this 10th day of June, 1901.

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All work will be promptly attended to and reliable results guaranteed.

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East Kootenay, British Columbia

ESSAY ON ANTIMONY

Antimony is a silver white metal of high metallic lustre and crystalline texture. Specific gravity, 6.7. It is quite brittle, being very easily pulverized. It is easily fusible, and experiments as an alloy with lead, tin, etc., its association imparting great hardness and durability. Exposure to the air at ordinary temperature does not tarnish it to any important extent neither does it rust.

Native antimony shows brilliant cleavage surfaces. Hardness, 3 to 3.5. The mineral is not a common one, but its crystals are rare and rhombohedral in shape. It is found in New Brunswick, California and elsewhere.

Antimony glance, or stibnite, is the form in which this substance is mostly found in nature, and is the sulphide + quartz. 4.6; contains 72 per cent of antimony and 28 of sulphur. Color, leaden gray. Lustre metallic. Found in prismatic crystals of the orthorhombic system, sometimes pear-shaped at the ends, are frequently acicular and arranged in radiating groups of considerable size. Cleavage perfect, parallelogram cleavage, such surfaces being smooth and highly polished. Stibnite, however, mostly occurs in massive form columnar, fibrous and with perfect cleavage. Also found compact and granular, when the cleavage is not apparent. The most abundant deposits being in Portugal (near Oporto, on the Douro). Also at Dalnetamin, Russia, in the Caucasus. Its hardness is only 2; and can be scratched with the nail, leaves a mark on paper, though not so easily as graphite, which is soft and greasy to the touch. Streak is nearly black. Color, flash gray.

It is found in the veins of the primaries and secondaries, with lead, zinc and other ores. On the North Fraser, a few miles above Lytton, we have seen some good specimens of the sulphide of antimony, but to what extent they exist we are not prepared to say. Antimony is a component part of type metal 1 to 3 or 4 of lead, britannia metal, babbit metal, used for bearings, etc. In medicine, tartar-emetic is a tartrate of antimony and potassium. Native antimony sulphide is largely used as a purgative for horse and dogs.—T. R. Hardman, in B. C. Mining Exchange.

The British Empire still leads in gold mining, independent of the Transvaal, including which the Empire's output is 40,000,000 out of 60,000,000 for the whole world, or two thirds the total production.

A progressive people will beget a progressive government. Let us wake up to this fact, and take more interest in the actual development of our country—the richest mineral area in the world. The enemies to our progress, the retarding factors, are in our own camp, and who so blind as those who will not see.

TOM PRATT.

Firin'? Yes. Though my hair is white,
For my eyesight's good and clear;
I can see ahead on the track at night
As far as the engineer.

You're new on the road? Of course.
That's so.
No need far to tell me that,
For all the boys around here know
The story of old Tom Pratt.

I was young as you when I got my run,
An' as full of sap an' go,
An' I felt that life was well begun
When I'd see the fire glow.

[illegible] steam for me,
[illegible] coal,
[illegible] soul.

[illegible] to get
[illegible] stories on;
For the wife she was lonely to worry an' fret,
Bein' lonesome when I was gone.

An' the baby? It seemed like as grown'd two feet,
An' got a new tooth every day;
An' he looked so purty an' changed an' sweet
Whenever I'd been away.

What got wrong with the kid before that trip
I never made out just right,
He was awful pale an' he drooped his lip
When I kissed him an' says "Good-night."

An' in front of the gate I can' before the glass,
Across in the fireman's place,
In the flarin' lights of the trains we'd pass
I could see that little face.

I don't say I had a presentiment,
An' I don't say what I knew,
But a look in the picture I saw there went
To my heart an' I just felt blue.

An' when the [illegible]
His face
I never [illegible]
But just says, "All [illegible]

We was makin' [illegible]
An' we loafed along the track,
An' the sparks was flyin' in the canyon side
For a mile an' better back.

The fireman says "We're a-gettin' there,
You're my kind of an engineer,
But Tom, wouldn't it raise your hair
If we met number 9 right here?"

He'd just said the words when we turned a curve,
An' I grabbed the lever an' air,
For a-shinin' out with never a swerve
Was a headlight, there! right there!

I stayed in the cab an' felt it all,
The crash an' the sickening grind,
I heard the butchered cattle call,
As they died in the cars behind.

I saw, but no, I can't tell it yet,
It was twenty years ago,
But to twenty more I could not forget
That sight ahead, I know.

For number 9 was a passenger train,
With a crowd from a holiday,
Comin' up with orders straight an' plain,
"You have got a clear right-away."

Discharged? Well, what could the company do?
Of course I expected that,
They were more than good, between me an' you
In their dealin' with old Tom Pratt.

It was all the orders I didn't hear,
An' didn't make out just right,
It was all the fault of a blindin' tear
For a boy that died that night.

They gave me a job in a year or two,
As a fireman in the yard;
There was nothing else for a man to do,
Though the drop an' the work was hard.

An' little boys that was kids knee high
When I saw them in the 73,
Works as I once runs like you, while I
Am a dozin' just what you see.

Injustice? Not much; it was only right,
For a man whose brain ain't clear,
Or with dyin' babies like mine that night,
Ain't fit for an engineer.

—Morning Oregonian.

Even theologians have got so far as to struggle to know that science and revelation can be made to agree. In this, we know, they will not succeed; but it is a testimony to the strength and consideration which science has obtained.—Harriet Martineau.

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The Hotel Canterbury.

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Athalmer, - - B. C.

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NEWS OF EAST KOOTENAY

The St. Eugene mine is still partially closed down but a large number of men are at work. Masons are employed building walls in the Lake Shore tunnel, where a shaft is to be sunk in the near future. A number of men around the mill have been laid off owing to delay in arrival of the pipe which they are fitting. As soon as this arrives, however, these men will be put back to work. Thus, although the mine is partially closed down, a number of men are at work and the prospects are that within a month's time the St. Eugene will open up in full swing.

The machinery for the Moyie Lumber company is now all here and is being put in place as rapidly as possible. For the past five or six months men have been employed getting out large quantities of timber from the company's limits on the big hill, and this is now piled near the mill ready for the starting of sawing. They expect to begin in a few days now, and will then be turning out some of the finest lumber in the country.

Park, Mitchell & Co. have their mill steadily running, the main mill running during the day, and the planer at night. They have a large force of men employed and are shipping 100,000 feet of lumber to the Territories each week.

Tom Rader and O. J. Johnson, the owners of the Aurora mine, are still hard at work and are certain of having a good thing. They are at work in the tunnel at present and the prospects are bright for striking a good ore vein in the near future. In addition to work at the mine they are clearing up their property, and in a short time will have one of the prettiest and most valuable properties in the vicinity.

Piere, the Indian who discovered the famous St. Eugene mine, was in town this week. He claims to have struck another lead equally as large as the St. Eugene lead was. He offers no further information beyond the fact that it is a day's ride from Moyie. As this Indian seems to be a lucky fellow this may prove to be another St. Eugene.—Cranbrook Herald.

Mineral Claims.

A mineral claim is a rectangular piece of ground not exceeding 1,500 feet square, and all angles must be right angles, unless the boundaries, or one of them, are the boundaries of a previously surveyed claim. The claim is located by erecting three legal posts, which are stakes not less than four feet above ground, and squared four inches at least on each face for not less than a foot from the top. A tree stump so cut and squared also constitutes a legal post. The "discovery post" is placed at the point where the mineral in place is discovered. Nos. 1 and 2 posts are placed as near as possible on the line of the ledge or vein shown by the discovery post, and mark the boundaries of the claim. Upon these posts must be written the name of the claim, the name of the locator, and the date of the location. On No. 1 post, in addition, the following must be written: 'Initial post. Direction of post No. 2 (giving approximate compass bearing); ——— feet of this claim lie on the right, and ——feet on the left of the line from No. 1 to No. 2 posts." The location line between Nos. 1 and 2 posts must be distinctly marked—in a timbered locality by chaining trees and cutting underbrush, and in bare country by monuments of earth or rock not less than two feet in diameter at the base, and at least two feet high, so that the line can be distinctly seen.

Mineral claims must be recorded in the Mining Recorder's office for the division within 15 days from the location, one day extra being allowed for each 10 miles from the office over the first 10. If a claim is not recorded in time, it is deemed abandoned and opened for relocation, but if the original locator wishes to relocate, he can only do so by permission of the Gold Commissioner and upon the payment of a fee of $10. This applies also to a claim abandoned for any reason whatever.

Mineral claims are, until the Crown grant is issued, held practically on a yearly lease, the condition of which is assessment work on the same during the year to the value of at least $100, or payment of such sum to the Mining Recorder. Such assessments must be recorded before the expiration of the year, or the claim is deemed abandoned. However, such record is omitted, a free miner may, within the expiration of thirty days thereafter, record such assessment upon payment of a fee of $10. This, however, will not hold the claim if it has been relocated by another free miner in the meantime. A survey of a mineral claim may now be recorded as an assessment at its actual value to the extent of $700. If during any year work is done to a greater extent than the required $100, any further sums of $100, less not less, may be recorded and counted as further assessments. As soon as assessment work to the extent of $500 is recorded, the owner of a mineral claim is entitled to a Crown grant on payment of a fee of $25, and giving the necessary notices required by the Act. Liberal provisions are also made in the Act for obtaining mill-sites and other facilities in the way of tunnels and drains for the better working of the claims.

Blue Ribbon Coffee pure and delicious.

It was the philosophical Josh Billings who said: "Before you decide to become a scoundrel, examine yourself closely to see if you are not better adapted for a fool."

J. A. KIRK,

DOMINION AND PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR.

Peterborough, - British Columbia.

Who is Judge Kelsey?

NOTICE.

Take notice that I, E. A. Wood, intend within 60 days from the date hereof to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for the purchase of the following land, situate on Horse Thief creek in the Windermere Mining Division of North East Kootenay. Commencing at the post planted on the north side of the creek, about 12 miles by the wagon road, west from Peterborough, thence south 60 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence north 60 chains, thence west 40 chains to the point of commencement containing 240 acres.

E. A. Wood.

Dated at camp, Horse Thief wagon road this 17th day of August, 1901.

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School Supplies!
Slates,
Stationery, Etc.

A. R. YATES,
Chemist and Druggist,
PETERBOROUGH, - - B. C.

Just Arrived a Choice Lot of

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Bacon,
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Groceries

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Gents' Furnishings

Hats and Caps,
Ladies' Cashmere Hose,
and All Wool Blankets,
Which we will Sell at Lowest Prices.

LAKE & CO.,
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Christie's Biscuits.

Our last car lot of Assorted Groceries included:

ZEPHYR CREAM SODAS—3 lb. tins.
CREAM SODAS,—2 lb. cartons.

ARROWROOT SULTANA GINGER-NUTS SHORTBREAD
SMYRNA MACAROONS SOCIAL TEAS
GARIBALDI TARTLETS JAM-JAMS
COFFEE AND TEA BISCUITS

WATER ICE WAFERS, in bulk and ¾ lb. tins.
HUNTLEY & PALMER'S ITALIAN MACAROONS, in 1 lb. tins.

Shilling's Best Baking Powder, Imported direct from Frisco in large lots, therefore, priced lower than usual—12 oz., 2½ and 5 pound tins.

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GENERAL MERCHANT, - GOLDEN, B.C.

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Largest and Most Complete Hotel in Town.

A Table that is Replete with the Choicest Seasonable Viands.

Large, Airy and Comfortable Rooms.

Headquarters for Commercial and Mining Men.

Convenient to Railway Depot and Steamboat Landing.

J. G. ULLOCK, Prop

Certificate of Improvements.

Sitting Bull, Mary G and Colorado Mineral Claims,

Situate in the Windermere Mining Division of North East Kootenay District. —Where located: On Boulder creek.

Take notice that I, George A. Starke, free miner's certificate No. B14047, for myself and acting as agent for Frank C. Stockdale, free miner's certificate No. B11063, Wellington Kinney, free miner's certificate No. B14103, Baptiste Merigeau, free miner's certificate, No. B14032, and William De Rose, free miner's certificate No. B36009, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for Certificates of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificates of Improvements.

Dated this 22nd day of June, 1901.

GEORGE A. STARKE.

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$2.00

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HELLO! Doctor!!

Come Quick!!!

A man found lying on the trail with his armsfull of W. S. Santo & Co.'s Goods bought for a $ by the bargains given on Saturday. Do not know whether his back is broke or not.

Hurry Up

as they do not want to get arrested for manslaughter.

W. S. SANTO & Co's., Canterbury, B. C.

KIMPTON & PITTS
WINDERMERE, B. C.
General Merchants.

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Just received 12 Cases **R.A.K.** Miner's Boots. Price $5.00

All sizes from 6 to 11.

Sole Agents for Canton Steel and Caifornia Giant Powder.

Mining Men and Prospectors purchasing their supplies from us will be furnished Pack Horses Free of charge for delivery.

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Having purchased the butcher business of the Elk Park Ranch Co. I am prepared to receive and deliver orders for Beef and Mutton in Athalmer, Canterbury, Peterborough and Windermere.

F. L. Snook,
Athalmer, B. C.

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General Merchants.

Headquarters for Miner's Outfits.

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DRY GOODS	GROCERIES	HARDWARE
Summer Underwear	Fresh Eggs and utter	Hammers, Nails,
Dress Goods	Teas, Coffee and Cocoa	Knives, Axes, Drills
Flannel	Flour, Rolled Oats, Cornmeal	Picks, Shovels
Flannelette	Bacon, Ham, Salt Pork	Tinware, Graniteware
Shirtin	Canned Goods of all kinds	Powder, Caps, Fuse
Shirts, Pants, Overalls	Rasins, Currents, Rice	Camp Outfits
Ready-Made Clothing	Jams, Marmalade	Etc., Etc., Etc.

The Largest Stock in the Valley to Chose from.

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